

contd.  
a<sup>3</sup>  
(5R)-1-[9-chloro-5-ethyl-5-hydroxy-10-methyl-3,15-dioxo-4,5,13,15-tetrahydro-1H,3H-oxepino[3',4:6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinolin-12-yl-methyl]-4-methyl-hexahydropyridium chloride;

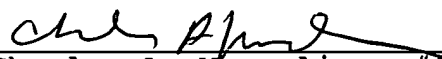
(5R)-5-ethyl-9,11-difluoro-5-hydroxy-4,5,13,15-tetrahydro-1H,3H-oxepino[3'4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinoline-3,15-dione; and

(5R)-5-ethyl-9,11-difluoro-5-hydroxy-12-propyl-4,5,13,15-tetrahydro-1H,3H-oxepino[3'4':6,7]indolizino[1,2-b]quinoline-3,15-dione; and a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

REMARKS

The amendment is submitted to insert reference to the parent applications and their status, to remove multiple dependency from the claims and to conform the claims to the American practice.

Respectfully submitted,  
BIERMAN, MUSERLIAN AND LUCAS

  
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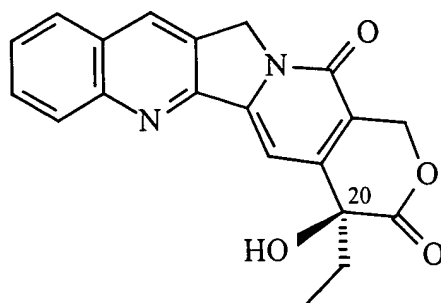
Enclosures: Marked-Up Version of Specification and Claims  
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MARKED-UP VERSION OF SPECIFICAT

**New analogues of camptothecin,**  
**their use as medicaments and**  
**the pharmaceutical compositions containing them**

See insert "A"

Camptothecin is a natural compound which has been isolated for the first time from the leaves and the bark of the Chinese plant called *camptotheca acuminata* (see Wall et al. J. Amer. Chem. Soc. 88:3888 (1966)). Camptothecin is a pentacyclic compound constituted by an indolizino[1,2-b]quinoline fragment fused with an  $\alpha$ -hydroxylactone with six members. The carbon in position 20 which carries the  $\alpha$ -hydroxy group is asymmetrical and confers a rotatory power on the molecule. The natural form of camptothecin has an absolute "S" configuration as regards the carbon 20 and corresponds to the following formula:



Camptothecin has an anti-proliferative activity in several cancerous cell lines, including the cell lines of human tumors of the colon, lung and breast (Suffness, M et al: The Alkaloids Chemistry and Pharmacology, Bross A., ed., Vol. 25, p. 73 (Academic Press, 1985)). It is suggested that the anti-proliferative activity of camptothecin is related to its inhibitory activity on DNA topoisomerase I.

It has been indicated that  $\alpha$ -hydroxylactone was an absolute requirement both for the *in vivo* and *in vitro* activity of camptothecin (Camptothecins: New Anticancer Agents, Putmesil, M et al, ed., p. 27 (CRC Press, 1995); Wall M. et al, Cancer Res. 55:753 (1995); Hertzberg et al, J. Med. Chem. 32:715 (1982) and Crow et al, J. Med. Chem. 35:4160 (1992)). The present invention relates to a new class of compounds of camptothecin, in which a  $\beta$ -hydroxylactone replaces the natural  $\alpha$ -hydroxylactone of camptothecin. The compounds according to the present invention present a powerful biological activity which is unexpected with regard to the state of the prior art.

Therefore a subject of the invention is new analogues of camptothecin which differ from all known derivatives of camptothecin in the sense that they contain  $\beta$ -hydroxylactone (or its open hydroxycarboxylic form) instead of an  $\alpha$ -hydroxylactone (or its open hydroxycarboxylic form); or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt of one of

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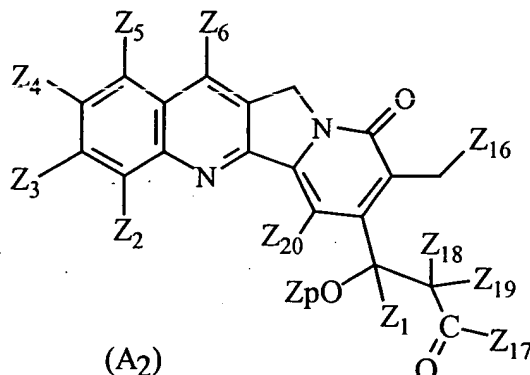
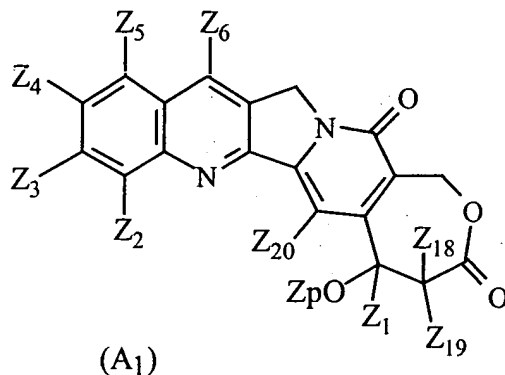
INSERT "A"

--PRIOR APPLICATIONS

This application is a Continuation-in-Part of U.S. Patent Application Serial No. 09/332,520 filed June 14, 1999 which is a Continuation-in-Part of U.S. Patent Application Serial No. 973,561 filed December 2, 1997, now U.S. Patent No. 5,981,542 which is a 371 of PCT/FR96/00980 filed June 21, 1996 and a Continuation-in-Part of U.S. Patent Application Serial No. 09/806,952 filed April 5, 2001 which is a 371 of PCT/FR00/00461 filed February 24, 2000.--

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1. ~~Compounds of general formula (A<sub>1</sub>) or (A<sub>2</sub>)~~<sup>A<sub>c</sub></sup> of <sup>the</sup> general formula (A<sub>1</sub>) or (A<sub>2</sub>)



in racemic or enantiomeric form or any combinations of these forms, in which *when*

Z<sub>1</sub> is (A) represents a lower alkyl, a lower alkenyl, a lower alkynyl, a lower haloalkyl, a lower alkoxy lower alkyl or lower alkylthio lower alkyl;

$Z_2, Z_3, Z_4, Z_5$  and  $Z_6$  <sup>are</sup> ~~represent~~, independently, (A)

i) H, halo, lower haloalkyl, alkyl containing 1 to 12 carbon atoms <sup>with</sup> optionally substituted by <sup>the least</sup> one or more halo radicals identical or different, lower alkenyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkyl lower alkyl, cyano,

lower cyanoalkyl, nitro, lower nitroalkyl, amido, lower amidoalkyl, hydrazino, lower hydrazinoalkyl, azido, lower azidoalkyl, lower alkyl lower sulphonylalkyl,  $-(\text{CH}_2)_m\text{NZ}'_6\text{Z}'_7$ ,  $-(\text{CH}_2)_m\text{OZ}'_6$ ,  $-(\text{CH}_2)_m\text{SZ}'_6$ ,  $-(\text{CH}_2)_m\text{CO}_2\text{Z}'_6$ ,  $-(\text{CH}_2)_m\text{NZ}'_6\text{C}(\text{O})\text{Z}_8$ ,  $-(\text{CH}_2)_m\text{C}(\text{O})\text{Z}_8$ ,  $-(\text{CH}_2)_m\text{OC}(\text{O})\text{Z}_8$ ,  $-\text{O}(\text{CH}_2)_m\text{NZ}'_6\text{Z}'_7$ ,  $-\text{OC}(\text{O})\text{NZ}'_6\text{Z}'_7$ ,  $-\text{OC}(\text{O})(\text{CH}_2)_m\text{CO}_2\text{Z}'_6$ ,  $-\text{OSO}_2\text{Z}_7$ ,  $-(\text{CH}_2)_m\text{N}(\text{CH}_3)(\text{CH}_2)_n\text{NZ}'_6\text{Z}'_7$ ,  $-(\text{CH}_2)_m\text{OC}(\text{O})\text{NZ}'_6\text{Z}'_7$ ,  $-(\text{CH}_2)_m\text{S}(\text{O})_q\text{Z}_{11}$ ,  $-(\text{CH}_2)_m\text{P}(\text{O})\text{Z}_{12}\text{Z}_{13}$ ,  $-(\text{CH}_2)_2\text{P}(\text{S})\text{Z}_{12}\text{Z}_{13}$ ,  $-(\text{CH}_2)_m\text{SiZ}'_{11}\text{Z}'_{12}\text{Z}'_{13}$  ; or ii)  $-(\text{CH}_2)_n[\text{N}=\text{X}]$ ,

-OC(O)[N=X],  $-(\text{CH}_2)_m\text{OC(O)}[\text{N=X}]$ , aryl <sup>or</sup> lower arylalkyl, each ~~unsubstituted~~

or substituted <sup>with 1 to 4 members (4)</sup> ~~(i.e. substituted between once and four times on the aryl group or the heterocycle)~~ or non-substituted in which the substituent is ~~lower alkyl, lower arylalkyl, halo, hydroxy, -OCF<sub>3</sub>, nitro, amino, lower alkylamino, di(lower alkyl)amino, lower haloalkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkoxy or lower alkoxy lower alkyl or~~ iii) Z<sub>3</sub> and Z<sub>4</sub> or Z<sub>4</sub> and Z<sub>5</sub> form together a chain <sup>with</sup> 3 or 4 members in which the elements of the chain are selected from the group <sup>consisting of</sup> ~~constituted by~~ CH, CH<sub>2</sub>, O, S, N or NZ<sub>9</sub>;

a member  
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- $Z_7$  is  $\textcircled{A}$  represents a lower alkyl <sup>unsubstituted or</sup> radical optionally substituted by <sup>at least</sup> one or more halo radicals identical or different, or an aryl <sup>unsubstituted or</sup> optionally substituted by <sup>at least</sup> one or more lower alkyl radicals identical or different ;
- $Z'_6$  and  $Z'_7$  <sup>are</sup> represent, independently,  $\textcircled{A}$  i) H, a lower alkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkyl lower aminoalkyl, lower aminoalkyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkyl lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, lower alkoxy lower alkyl, lower haloalkyl, or ii) aryl or lower arylalkyl, each <sup>unsubstituted or substituted on</sup> substituted (i.e. substituted between once and four times on the aryl group) <sup>with 1 to 4 members selected from the group</sup> or non substituted in which the <sup>consisting of</sup> substituent is a lower alkyl, halo, nitro, amino, lower alkylamino, lower haloalkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkoxy <sup>and</sup> or lower alkoxy lower alkyl ;
- $Z_8$  is  $\textcircled{A}$  represents i) H, a lower alkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, amino, lower alkylamino, lower alkyl lower aminoalkyl, lower aminoalkyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkyl lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, lower alkoxy, lower alkoxy lower alkyl, <sup>and</sup> lower haloalkyl, or ii) aryl or lower arylalkyl, each <sup>unsubstituted</sup> substituted (i.e. substituted between once and four times on the aryl group) or non substituted <sup>with  $\textcircled{A}$</sup>  in which the substituent is a lower alkyl, halo, nitro, amino, lower alkylamino, lower haloalkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkoxy <sup>and</sup> or lower alkoxy lower alkyl;
- $Z_9$  is  $\textcircled{A}$  represents i) H, a lower alkyl, lower haloalkyl, or ii) aryl <sup>and</sup> or lower arylalkyl, each <sup>unsubstituted or</sup> substituted or non substituted in which the substituent is lower alkyl, halo, nitro, amino, lower alkylamino, lower haloalkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkoxy <sup>and</sup> or lower alkoxy lower alkyl;
- $Z_{10}$  is  $\textcircled{A}$  represents i) H, a lower alkyl, lower haloalkyl, <sup>and</sup> lower alkoxy, or ii) aryl <sup>unsubstituted or</sup> substituted (i.e. having one to four substituents on the aryl group) or non substituted in which the  <sup>$\textcircled{A}$</sup>  substituent is lower alkyl, lower haloalkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl <sup>and</sup> or lower alkoxy lower alkyl;
- $Z_{11}$  is  $\textcircled{A}$  represents a lower alkyl, aryl,  $-(CH_2)_mOZ_{14}$ ,  $-(CH_2)_mSZ_{14}$ ,  $-(CH_2)_2NZ_{14}Z_{15}$  <sup>and</sup> or  $-(CH_2)_m[N=X]$ ;
- $Z_{12}$  and  $Z_{13}$  <sup>are</sup> represent, independently,  $\textcircled{A}$  a lower alkyl, aryl, lower alkoxy, aryloxy <sup>and</sup> or amino;
- $Z'_{11}$ ,  $Z'_{12}$  and  $Z'_{13}$  <sup>are</sup> represent, independently, H or a lower alkyl radical ;
- $Z_{14}$  and  $Z_{15}$  <sup>are</sup> represent, independently, H, lower alkyl <sup>and</sup> or aryl;
- $Z_{16}$  is represents H or  $-OZ_{21}$ ;
- $Z_{17}$  is represents  $-OZ'_6$  or  $-NZ'_6Z'_7$  ;
- $Z_{18}$  and  $Z_{19}$  <sup>are</sup> represent, independently,  $\textcircled{A}$  H, halo, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy <sup>and</sup> or hydroxy;
- $Z_{20}$  is represents H or halo;

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- $Z_{21}$  is (A) represents H, <sup>and</sup> a lower alkyl, -CHO ~~or~~ -C(O)(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>;  
 $Z_p$  is represents H or an easily cleavable group preferably chosen from the groups corresponding to the formula ~~C(O)-A-NZ<sub>22</sub>Z<sub>23</sub>~~, <sup>where</sup> in which A <sup>leaves</sup> represents a linear or branched alkylene radical optionally substituted by a radical <sup>is</sup> chosen from the free, esterified or salified hydroxy, halogen, free, esterified or salified carboxy, amino, mono ~~and~~ dialkylamino radicals;  
 $Z_{22}$  and  $Z_{23}$  represent, independently/ (A) 1) H, a lower alkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkyl lower aminoalkyl, lower aminoalkyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkyl lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, lower alkoxy lower alkyl, lower haloalkyl, or <sup>is</sup> substituted or non substituted aryl or lower arylalkyl <sup>or</sup>, substituted <sup>with</sup> one to four times on the aryl group, <sup>1 to 4 members of the group consisting of</sup> in which the substituent is a lower alkyl, halo, nitro, amino, lower alkylamino, lower haloalkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkoxy <sup>and</sup> or lower alkoxy lower alkyl;  
 $m$  is an integer comprised between 0 and 6;  
 $n$  is 1 or 2; and  
 $q$  represents <sup>is</sup> an integer from 0 to 2; and  
 $[N=X]$  represents <sup>is</sup> a heterocyclic group with 4 to 7 <sup>range</sup> members with the nitrogen atom which is a member of the heterocyclic ring, and X <sup>is</sup> representing the chain necessary to complete said heterocyclic group and selected from the group <sup>consisting of</sup> constituted by O, S, CH<sub>2</sub>, CH, N, NZ<sub>9</sub> and C(O)Z<sub>10</sub>;

<sup>1/2</sup> or pharmaceutically acceptable salts of thereof.

2. <sup>↑</sup>Compounds of general formula (A<sub>1</sub>) or (A<sub>2</sub>) as claimed in claim 1, in racemic or enantiomeric form or any combinations of these forms, <sup>wherein</sup> characterized in that

- $Z_1$  is (A) represents a lower alkyl, a lower alkenyl, a lower alkynyl, a lower haloalkyl, a lower alkoxy lower alkyl <sup>and</sup> or lower alkylthio lower alkyl;  
 $Z_2$  is (A) represents H, halo <sup>and</sup> or -OSO<sub>2</sub>Z<sub>7</sub>;  
 $Z_3$ ,  $Z_4$  and  $Z_5$  represent, independently/ i) <sup>is</sup> H, halo, lower haloalkyl, lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, cyano, lower cyanoalkyl, nitro, lower nitroalkyl, amido, lower amidoalkyl, hydrazino, lower hydrazinoalkyl, azido, lower azidoalkyl, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>NZ'<sub>6</sub>Z'<sub>7</sub>, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>OZ'<sub>6</sub>, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>SZ'<sub>6</sub>, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>Z'<sub>6</sub>, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>NZ'<sub>6</sub>C(O)Z<sub>8</sub>, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>C(O)Z<sub>8</sub>, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>OC(O)Z<sub>8</sub>, -O(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>NZ'<sub>6</sub>Z'<sub>7</sub>, -OC(O)NZ'<sub>6</sub>Z'<sub>7</sub>, -OC(O)(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>Z'<sub>6</sub> <sup>and</sup> -OSO<sub>2</sub>Z<sub>7</sub> or ii) -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>[N=X], -OC(O)[N=X], -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>OC(O)[N=X] <sup>wherein</sup> (in which <sup>is</sup> [N=X], in this invention, represents a heterocyclic group with 4 to 7 <sup>ring</sup> members with the nitrogen atom <sup>is</sup> N, which is a member of the heterocyclic group, and X <sup>is</sup> represents the remaining members, which are

necessary to complete the heterocyclic group, selected from the group constituted by O, S, CH<sub>2</sub>, CH, N, NZ<sub>9</sub> and COZ<sub>10</sub>, aryl or lower arylalkyl, each substituted <sup>as is the</sup> ~~(i.e. substituted between once and four times~~ on the aryl group or the heterocycle <sup>with 1 to 4 members selected from the group consisting of</sup> ~~or non substituted in which the~~ substituent is a lower alkyl, halo, nitro, amino, lower alkylamino, lower haloalkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkoxy <sup>and</sup> or lower alkoxy lower alkyl or iii) Z<sub>3</sub> and Z<sub>4</sub> or Z<sub>4</sub> and Z<sub>5</sub> form together a chain with 3 or 4 ~~members~~ members in which the elements of the chain are selected from the group <sup>consisting of</sup> ~~constituted by~~ CH, CH<sub>2</sub>, O, S, N <sup>and</sup> or NZ<sub>9</sub>;

5 Z<sub>6</sub> is (7) represents i) H, halo, lower haloalkyl, alkyl containing 1 to 12 carbon atoms <sup>unsubstituted or</sup> ~~optionally substituted by one or more halo radicals identical or~~ different, lower alkoxy, lower alkoxy lower alkyl, lower alkylthio lower alkyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkyl lower alkyl, cyano, cyanoalkyl, lower alkyl lower sulphonylalkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, nitro, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>C(O)Z<sub>8</sub>,  
15 -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>NZ'<sub>6</sub>C(O)Z<sub>8</sub>, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>NZ'<sub>6</sub>Z'<sub>7</sub>, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>N(CH<sub>3</sub>)(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>NZ'<sub>6</sub>Z'<sub>7</sub>, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>OC(O)Z<sub>8</sub>, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>OC(O)NZ'<sub>6</sub>Z'<sub>7</sub>, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>S(O)<sub>q</sub>Z<sub>11</sub>, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>P(O)Z<sub>12</sub>Z<sub>13</sub>, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>P(S)Z<sub>12</sub>Z<sub>13</sub>, <sup>and</sup> ~~-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>SiZ'<sub>11</sub>Z'<sub>12</sub>Z'<sub>13</sub>; or ii)~~ <sup>or</sup> ~~-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>[N=X], -OC(O)[N=X], -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>OC(O)[N=X], each~~ substituted <sup>(i.e. substituted between once and four times on the heteroaryl group)</sup> ~~(i.e. substituted between once and four times on the heteroaryl group)~~ or ~~non~~ substituted <sup>with 1 to 4 members selected from the group consisting of</sup> ~~in which the substituent is a~~ lower alkyl, lower arylalkyl, halo, hydroxy, nitro, amino, lower alkylamino, lower haloalkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkoxy <sup>and</sup> or lower alkoxy lower alkyl; or iii) aryl or lower arylalkyl, each <sup>un</sup> substituted ~~(i.e. substituted~~ between once and four times on the aryl group <sup>with 1 to 4 members selected from the group consisting of</sup> ~~or non substituted in which the substituent is a~~ lower alkyl, lower arylalkyl, halo, hydroxy, nitro, amino, lower alkylamino, lower haloalkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkoxy <sup>and</sup> or lower alkoxy lower alkyl;

20 Z<sub>7</sub> is (A) represents a lower alkyl <sup>unsubstituted or</sup> ~~optionally substituted by one or more~~ halo radicals identical or different, or an aryl <sup>unsubstituted or</sup> ~~optionally~~ substituted by <sup>at least</sup> ~~one or more~~ lower alkyl radicals identical or different;

25 Z<sub>6</sub> and Z<sub>7</sub> <sup>are</sup> ~~represent~~, independently, <sup>(A)</sup> ~~i) H, a lower alkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkyl lower aminoalkyl, lower aminoalkyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkyl lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, lower alkoxy lower alkyl, lower haloalkyl, or ii)~~ aryl or lower arylalkyl, each <sup>unsubstituted or</sup> ~~substituted (i.e. substituted between once~~ and four times on the aryl group <sup>with 1 to 4 members selected from the group consisting of</sup> ~~or non substituted in which the~~ substituent is a lower alkyl, halo, nitro, amino, lower alkylamino, lower haloalkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkoxy <sup>and</sup> or lower alkoxy lower alkyl;

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- Z<sub>8</sub> is (A) represents i) H, a lower alkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, amino, lower alkylamino, lower alkyl lower aminoalkyl, lower aminoalkyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkyl lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, lower alkoxy, lower alkoxy lower alkyl, lower haloalkyl, or ii) aryl or lower arylalkyl, each substituted (i.e. substituted between once and four times on the aryl group) or non-substituted, in which the substituent is a lower alkyl, halo, nitro, amino, lower alkylamino, lower haloalkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkoxy and lower alkoxy lower alkyl;
- 5
- Z<sub>9</sub> is (A) represents i) H, a lower alkyl, lower haloalkyl, or ii) aryl or lower arylalkyl, each substituted or non-substituted in which the substituent is lower alkyl, halo, nitro, amino, lower alkylamino, lower haloalkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkoxy and lower alkoxy lower alkyl;
- 10
- Z<sub>10</sub> is (A) represents i) H, a lower alkyl, lower haloalkyl, lower alkoxy, or ii) aryl substituted (i.e. having one to four substituents on the aryl group) or non-substituted in which the substituent is lower alkyl, lower haloalkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl and lower alkoxy lower alkyl;
- 15
- Z<sub>11</sub> is (A) represents a lower alkyl, aryl,  $-(CH_2)_mOZ_{14}$ ,  $-(CH_2)_mSZ_{14}$ ,  $-(CH_2)_2NZ_{14}Z_{15}$  or  $-(CH_2)_m[N=X]$ ;
- Z<sub>12</sub> and Z<sub>13</sub> are represent, independently, a lower alkyl, aryl, lower alkoxy, aryloxy or amino;
- 20
- Z'<sub>11</sub>, Z'<sub>12</sub> and Z'<sub>13</sub> are represent, independently, H or a lower alkyl radical;
- Z<sub>14</sub> and Z<sub>15</sub> are represent, independently, H, lower alkyl or aryl;
- Z<sub>16</sub> is represents H or  $-OZ_{21}$ ;
- Z<sub>17</sub> is represents  $-OZ'_6$  or  $-NZ'_6Z'_7$ ; (A)
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- Z<sub>18</sub> and Z<sub>19</sub> are represent, independently, H, halo, lower alkyl, lower alkoxy or hydroxy;
- Z<sub>20</sub> is represents H or halo;
- Z<sub>21</sub> is represents H, a lower alkyl,  $-CHO$  or  $-C(O)(CH_2)_mCH_3$ ;
- Z<sub>p</sub> represents H or an easily cleavable group preferably chosen from the formula groups corresponding to the formula  $-C(O)-A-NZ_{22}Z_{23}$ , in which A represents a linear or branched alkylene radical optionally substituted by a radical chosen from the free, esterified or salified hydroxy, halogen, free, esterified or salified carboxy, amino, mono and dialkylamino radicals; (A) i)
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- Z<sub>22</sub> and Z<sub>23</sub> are represent, independently, H, a lower alkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkyl lower aminoalkyl, lower aminoalkyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkyl lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, lower alkoxy lower alkyl, lower haloalkyl, or ii) substituted or non-substituted aryl or lower arylalkyl (i.e. substituted by 1 to 4
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*members of the group consisting of*  
~~one to four times on the aryl group~~, in which the substituent is a lower alkyl, halo, nitro, amino, lower alkylamino, lower haloalkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, lower alkoxy <sup>and</sup> or lower alkoxy lower alkyl;

m is an integer ~~comprised~~ between 0 and 6;

5 n is 1 or 2; and

q <sup>is</sup> represents an integer from 0 to 2; and

[N=X] <sup>is</sup> represents a heterocyclic group with 4 to 7 <sup>ring</sup> members with the nitrogen atom which is a member of the heterocyclic ring, and X <sup>is</sup> representing the chain necessary to complete said heterocyclic group and <sup>is</sup> selected from the group ~~constituted by~~ O, S, CH<sub>2</sub>, CH, N, NZ<sub>9</sub> and COZ<sub>10</sub>;

<sup>a</sup>  
~~of~~ pharmaceutically acceptable salts ~~of~~ thereof.

<sup>Ac</sup> 3. ~~Compounds as claimed in claim 1 or 2, characterized in that~~ Z<sub>2</sub> <sup>is</sup> represents H or halo ~~or pharmaceutically acceptable salts of thereof.~~

<sup>Ac</sup> 4. ~~Compounds as claimed in claim 1 or 2, characterized in that~~ Z<sub>3</sub> <sup>is</sup> represents halo; ~~or a~~  
 15 pharmaceutically acceptable salts ~~of~~ thereof.

<sup>Ac</sup> 5. ~~Compounds as claimed in any of claims 1 to 4, characterized in that~~

Z<sub>1</sub> <sup>is</sup> represents a lower alkyl;

Z<sub>2</sub> <sup>is</sup> represents H or halo; (A)

20 Z<sub>3</sub>, Z<sub>4</sub> and Z<sub>5</sub> <sup>are</sup> represent, independently, i) H, halo, lower alkyl, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>NZ'<sub>6</sub>Z'<sub>7</sub>, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>OZ'<sub>6</sub>-OSO<sub>2</sub>Z<sub>7</sub> or ii) -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>[N=X] or iii) Z<sub>3</sub> and Z<sub>4</sub> or Z<sub>4</sub> and Z<sub>5</sub> form together a chain with 3 or 4 members in which the elements of the chain are selected from the group <sup>consisting of</sup> CH, CH<sub>2</sub>, O, S, N <sup>and</sup> or NZ<sub>9</sub>;

25 Z<sub>6</sub> <sup>is</sup> (A) <sup>of</sup> represents i) H, halo, alkyl containing 1 to 12 carbon atoms <sup>optionally</sup> substituted by <sup>at least</sup> one or more halo radicals identical or different, lower alkoxy lower alkyl, cycloalkyl, cycloalkyl lower alkyl, lower hydroxyalkyl, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>NZ'<sub>6</sub>Z'<sub>7</sub> <sup>and</sup> -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>SiZ'<sub>11</sub>Z'<sub>12</sub>Z'<sub>13</sub>; or ii) -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>[N=X] <sup>and</sup> substituted or ~~non~~ substituted in which the substituent is <sup>with</sup> a lower alkyl or lower arylalkyl or iii) aryl or lower arylalkyl, <sup>each</sup> ~~each~~ substituted or ~~non~~ substituted in which the substituent is a lower alkyl, halo, -OCF<sub>3</sub>, di(lower alkyl)amino <sup>and</sup> or lower haloalkyl;

Z<sub>7</sub> <sup>is</sup> represents a lower alkyl radical <sup>optionally</sup> substituted by <sup>at least</sup> one or more halo radicals identical or different;

Z'<sub>6</sub> and Z'<sub>7</sub> <sup>are</sup> represent, independently, i) H, <sup>or</sup> lower alkyl, or ii) lower arylalkyl;

35 Z<sub>9</sub> <sup>is</sup> represents a lower alkyl or lower arylalkyl;

Z'<sub>11</sub>, Z'<sub>12</sub> and Z'<sub>13</sub> <sup>are</sup> represent, independently, a lower alkyl radical;

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- <sup>15</sup>  
Z<sub>16</sub> represents H or -OZ<sub>21</sub>;  
Z<sub>17</sub> represents -OZ'<sub>6</sub> or -NZ'<sub>6</sub>Z'<sub>7</sub>;  
Z<sub>18</sub> and Z<sub>19</sub> <sup>are</sup> represent, independently, H, <sup>or</sup> halo;  
Z<sub>20</sub> <sup>15</sup> represents H;  
5 Z<sub>21</sub> <sup>15</sup> <sup>(B)</sup> represents H, a lower alkyl or -C(O)(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>;  
Z<sub>p</sub> <sup>15</sup> represents H or a group corresponding to the formula -C(O)-A-NZ<sub>22</sub>Z<sub>23</sub>, in which A <sup>15</sup> represents a linear or branched alkylene radical <sup>unsubstituted or</sup> optionally substituted <sup>by (D)</sup> by a radical chosen from the free, esterified or salified hydroxy, halogen, free, esterified or salified carboxy, amino <sup>and</sup> mono <sup>and</sup> or dialkylamino radicals;  
10 Z<sub>22</sub> and Z<sub>23</sub> <sup>are</sup> represent, independently, H, <sup>or</sup> lower alkyl;  
m is an integer comprised between 0 and 6;  
n is 1 or 2; and  
q <sup>15</sup> represents an integer from 0 to 2; and  
15 [N=X] <sup>15</sup> represents a heterocyclic group with 4 to 7 <sup>ring</sup> members, X <sup>15</sup> representing the chain necessary to complete said heterocyclic group and <sup>is</sup> selected from the group <sup>constituted by</sup> O, CH<sub>2</sub>, CH, N and NZ<sub>9</sub>;

<sup>15</sup>  
or pharmaceutically acceptable salts <sup>of</sup> thereof.

6. <sup>15</sup> Compounds <sup>as claimed in any of claims 1 to 5, characterized in that</sup> Z<sub>18</sub>, Z<sub>19</sub> and Z<sub>20</sub> <sup>are</sup> represent H; <sup>or</sup> pharmaceutically acceptable salts <sup>of</sup> thereof.

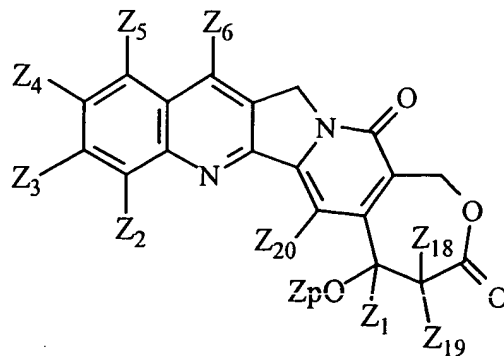
7. <sup>15</sup> Compounds <sup>as claimed in any of claims 1 to 6, characterized in that</sup> Z<sub>1</sub> <sup>15</sup> represents ethyl <sup>and a</sup> or pharmaceutically acceptable salts <sup>of</sup> thereof.

8. <sup>15</sup> Compounds <sup>as claimed in claim 1 or 2, characterized in that</sup> Z<sub>p</sub> <sup>15</sup> represents a group corresponding to the formula -C(O)-A-NZ<sub>22</sub>Z<sub>23</sub> <sup>and a</sup> or pharmaceutically acceptable salts <sup>of</sup> thereof.

9. <sup>15</sup> Compounds <sup>as claimed in claim 1 or 2, characterized in that</sup> Z<sub>p</sub> <sup>15</sup> represents H <sup>and a</sup> or pharmaceutically acceptable salts <sup>of</sup> thereof.

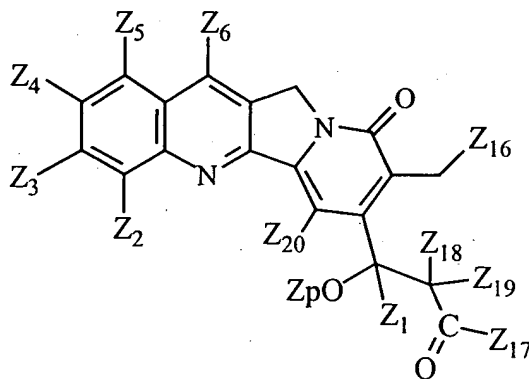
10. <sup>15</sup> Compounds <sup>as claimed in claim 1 or 2, characterized in that they correspond to the formula</sup> (AT)

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wherein Z<sub>1</sub>, Z<sub>2</sub>, Z<sub>3</sub>, Z<sub>4</sub>, Z<sub>5</sub>, Z<sub>6</sub>, Z<sub>18</sub>, Z<sub>19</sub>, Z<sub>20</sub> and Z<sub>p</sub> are as defined in claim 1 <sup>and a</sup> ~~or~~ pharmaceutically acceptable salts ~~of~~ thereof.

11. <sup>A c</sup> ~~Compounds as claimed in claim 1 or 2, characterized in that they correspond to the~~ formula ~~(A2)~~ <sup>of</sup>



wherein Z<sub>1</sub>, Z<sub>2</sub>, Z<sub>3</sub>, Z<sub>4</sub>, Z<sub>5</sub>, Z<sub>6</sub>, Z<sub>16</sub>, Z<sub>17</sub>, Z<sub>18</sub>, Z<sub>19</sub>, Z<sub>20</sub> and Z<sub>p</sub> are as defined in claim 1 <sup>and a</sup> ~~or~~ pharmaceutically acceptable salts ~~of~~ thereof.

12. <sup>A c</sup> ~~Compounds as claimed in claim 1 or 2, characterized in that Z<sub>6</sub> represents~~ <sup>where</sup> ~~-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>SiZ'<sub>11</sub>Z'<sub>12</sub>Z'<sub>13</sub> <sup>and a</sup> ~~or~~ pharmaceutically acceptable salts ~~of~~ thereof.~~

13. <sup>A c</sup> ~~Compounds as claimed in claim 12, characterized in that they correspond to the~~ <sup>where</sup> ~~following formula :~~ <sup>is</sup>

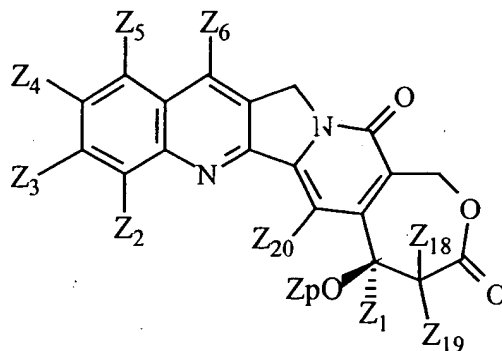
(5R)-5-ethyl-9,10-difluoro-5-hydroxy-12-(2-trimethylsilylethyl)-4,5,13,15-tetrahydro-1H,3H-oxepino[3',4':6,7]indolizino [1,2-b] quinoline-3,15-dione ~~and~~

15 (5R)-5-ethyl-5-hydroxy-12-(2-trimethylsilylethyl)-4,5,13,15-tetrahydro-1H,3H-oxepino [3',4':6,7]indolizino [1,2-b] quinoline-3,15-dione ;

14. <sup>A c</sup> ~~Compounds as claimed in claim 1 or 2, characterized in that Z<sub>2</sub> represents~~ <sup>where</sup> ~~H or~~ <sup>is</sup> ~~halo, Z<sub>3</sub> represents halo, Z<sub>4</sub> represents H, halo or lower alkyl, Z<sub>5</sub> represents H or halo,~~ <sup>is</sup> ~~and Z<sub>6</sub> represents H, lower alkyl or -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>[N=X] substituted in which the substituent~~ <sup>is</sup> ~~is a lower alkyl <sup>and a</sup> ~~or~~ pharmaceutically acceptable salts ~~of~~ thereof.~~

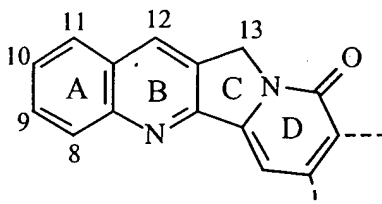
(5*R*)-5-ethyl-9,11-difluoro-5-hydroxy-4,5,13,15-tetrahydro-1*H*,3*H*-oxepino [3',4':6,7] indolizino [1,2-*b*] quinoline-3,15-dione *and*

16. <sup>A</sup> ~~Compounds as claimed in claim 1 or 2, characterized in that they correspond to the~~  
formula

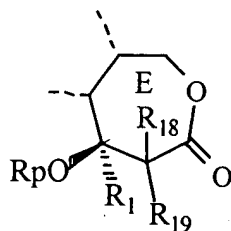


wherein  $Z_1$ ,  $Z_2$ ,  $Z_3$ ,  $Z_4$ ,  $Z_5$ ,  $Z_6$ ,  $Z_{18}$ ,  $Z_{19}$ ,  $Z_{20}$  and  $Z_p$  are as defined in claim 1 <sup>and a</sup> ~~for~~ pharmaceutically acceptable salts ~~of~~ thereof.

17. A method of treating cancer in warm-blooded animals comprising administering to warm-blooded animals in need thereof a camptothecin analog characterized in that  
15 said analog is a [A,B,C,D,E] pentacyclic compound, the cycles [A,B,C,D]



comprising any substitution on the various sites available for substitution(s), and the [E] cycle being a 7-ring member  $\beta$ -hydroxy lactone ring of the formula



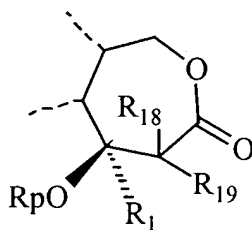
wherein  $R_1$  is selected from the group consisting of alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, alkenyl and alkynyl of 2 to 6 carbon atoms, haloalkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, alkoxyalkyl of 2 to 12 carbon atoms and alkylthioalkyl of 2 to 12 carbon atoms,  $R_p$  is hydrogen or an easily cleavable group,  $R_{18}$  and  $R_{19}$  are individually selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogen, OH and alkyl and alkoxy of 1 to 6 carbon atoms and its non-toxic, pharmaceutically acceptable salts.

18. A method of treating cancer according to claim 17, the cycles [A,B,C,D] comprising any substitution on the sites 8, 9, 10, 11, 12 or 13.

10 19. A method of treating cancer according to claim 17, the cycles [A,B,C,D] comprising any substitution on the sites 8, 9, 10, 11 or 12.

20. A method of treating cancer according to claim 17, the cycles [A,B,C,D] comprising any substitution on the sites 9, 10, 11 or 12.

15 21. A method of treating cancer in warm-blooded animals comprising administering to warm-blooded animals in need thereof a camptothecin having 5 rings with a 7-ring member  $\beta$ -hydroxy lactone ring of the formula



20 wherein  $R_1$  is selected from the group consisting of alkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, alkenyl and alkynyl of 2 to 6 carbon atoms, haloalkyl of 1 to 6 carbon atoms, alkoxy alkyl of 2 to 12 carbon atoms and alkylthioalkyl of 2 to 12 carbon atoms,  $R_p$  is hydrogen or an easily cleavable group,  $R_{18}$  and  $R_{19}$  are individually selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogen, OH and alkyl and alkoxy of 1 to 6 carbon atoms and its non-toxic, pharmaceutically acceptable salts.

22. A method of treating cancer as claimed in claim 17 ~~or 21~~, <sup>wherein the</sup> characterized in that cancer is selected from the group consisting of leukemia, colon cancer, lung cancer, prostate cancer, breast cancer, melanoma, ovarian cancer and gastric cancer.

23. A method of treating cancer as claimed in claim 22, <sup>wherein the</sup> characterized in that cancer is selected from the group consisting of leukemia, colon cancer, lung cancer, prostate cancer and breast cancer.

24. A method as ~~claimed in any of claims 17 to 23~~ <sup>wherein</sup> characterized in that  $R_{18}$  and  $R_{19}$  are hydrogen.

25. A method as ~~claimed in any of claims 17 to 24~~ <sup>wherein</sup> characterized in that  $R_p$  is hydrogen.

26. A method as ~~claimed in any of claims 17 to 25~~ <sup>wherein</sup> characterized in that  $R_1$  is ethyl.

27. A method as ~~claimed in any of claims 17 to 26~~ <sup>wherein the</sup> characterized in that camptothecin analog is selected from ~~the group consisting of~~

(5R)-5-ethyl-9,10-difluoro-5-hydroxy-4,5,13,15-tetrahydro-1H,3H-oxepino [3',4':6,7] indolizino [1,2-b] quinoline-3,15-dione ;

(5R)-1-[9-chloro-5-ethyl-5-hydroxy-10-methyl-3,15-dioxo-4,5,13,15-tetrahydro 1H,3H-oxepino [3',4':6,7] indolizino [1,2-b] quinolin-12-yl-methyl]-4-methyl-hexahydropyridium chloride ;

(5R)-5-ethyl-9,11-difluoro-5-hydroxy-4,5,13,15-tetrahydro-1H,3H-oxepino [3',4':6,7] indolizino [1,2-b] quinoline-3,15-dione ~~and~~

(5R)-5-ethyl-9,11-difluoro-5-hydroxy-12-propyl-4,5,13,15-tetrahydro-1H,3H-oxepino [3',4':6,7] indolizino [1,2-b] quinoline-3,15-dione <sup>a</sup> ~~or its~~ pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

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